

Amendments to the Claims:

No claims have been amended herein. Please note that all claims currently pending and under consideration in the referenced application are shown below. This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Previously Presented) A method for manufacturing an interconnect structure consisting essentially of:
forming a recess within a dielectric material situated on a semiconductor substrate, the recess extending below a top surface of the dielectric material;
forming a diffusion barrier layer substantially conformally on the top surface of the dielectric material and over an interior surface of the recess;
forming a seed layer on the diffusion barrier layer over the top surface of the dielectric material and within the recess, the diffusion barrier layer comprising a material having a melting point greater than or equal to that of a material comprising the seed layer, wherein the material comprising the seed layer consists of aluminum, titanium nitride, titanium, or titanium aluminide;
forming an electrically conductive layer on the seed layer over the top surface of the dielectric material and within the recess, the material comprising the diffusion barrier layer having a melting point greater than that of a material comprising the electrically conductive layer, the material comprising the seed layer having a melting point greater than or equal to that of the material comprising the electrically conductive layer;
forming an energy absorbing layer on the electrically conductive layer, the energy absorbing layer having a greater thermal absorption capacity than that of the electrically conductive layer;
applying energy to the energy absorbing layer sufficient to cause the electrically conductive layer to flow within the recess; and
removing portions of the energy absorbing layer and the electrically conductive layer that are situated above the top surface of the dielectric material.

2. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein forming a diffusion barrier layer comprises forming the diffusion barrier layer by chemical vapor deposition.
 3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein forming a diffusion barrier layer comprises forming the diffusion barrier layer from a material selected from the group consisting of ceramics, metallics, and intermetallics.
 4. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein forming a diffusion barrier layer comprises forming the diffusion barrier layer from a material selected from the group consisting of aluminum nitride, tungsten nitride, titanium nitride, and tantalum nitride.
 5. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising, prior to forming a seed layer on the diffusion barrier layer, heating the diffusion barrier layer in an environment substantially containing a nitrogen gas.
 6. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein forming a seed layer on the diffusion barrier layer comprises depositing the seed layer by chemical vapor deposition.
- Claims 7 and 8 (Canceled)
9. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein forming an electrically conductive layer comprises forming the electrically conductive layer from a material selected from the group consisting of aluminum and copper.
 10. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein forming an energy absorbing layer comprises forming the energy absorbing layer from a material selected from the group consisting of titanium, titanium nitride, tungsten, tungsten nitride, silicon nitride, silicon dioxide, tantalum, tantalum nitride, and carbon.

11. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein applying energy to the energy absorbing layer comprises applying the energy to the energy absorbing layer utilizing a furnace.

12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein removing portions of the energy absorbing layer and the electrically conductive layer comprises removing the portions of the energy absorbing layer and the electrically conductive layer by abrasive planarization.

13. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein removing portions of the energy absorbing layer and the electrically conductive layer comprises removing the portions of the energy absorbing layer and the electrically conductive layer by chemical mechanical planarization.

14. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising forming the recess to have an aspect ratio greater than about four (4) to one (1).

15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, further comprising forming the recess to comprise a contact hole situated below a trench, the contact hole terminating at an end thereof at the semiconductor substrate and terminating at an opposite end thereof at the trench, the trench extending from the opposite end of the contact hole to the top surface of the dielectric material, the trench extending parallel to the plane of the semiconductor substrate.

Claims 16-63 (Canceled)